Office of Regulatory Management

Economic Review Form

Agency name	State Water Control Board
Virginia Administrative Code (VAC) Chapter	9VAC25-151
citation(s)	
VAC Chapter title(s)	Virginia Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (VPDES) General Permit Regulation for Discharges of Stormwater Associated with Industrial Activity
Action title	Final 2024 Amendment and Reissuance of the VPDES Industrial Stormwater General Permit Regulation
Date this document prepared	September 20, 2023 revised 2/8/2024
Regulatory Stage (including Issuance of Guidance Documents)	Final

Cost Benefit Analysis

Complete Tables 1a and 1b for all regulatory actions. You do not need to complete Table 1c if the regulatory action is required by state statute or federal statute or regulation and leaves no discretion in its implementation.

Table 1a should provide analysis for the regulatory approach you are taking. Table 1b should provide analysis for the approach of leaving the current regulations intact (i.e., no further change is implemented). Table 1c should provide analysis for at least one alternative approach. You should not limit yourself to one alternative, however, and can add additional charts as needed.

Report both direct and indirect costs and benefits that can be monetized in Boxes 1 and 2. Report direct and indirect costs and benefits that cannot be monetized in Box 4. See the ORM Regulatory Economic Analysis Manual for additional guidance.

VPDES general permit regulations expire every 5 years and must be re-issued in order for permit coverage to be available to new permittees and existing permittees that do not submit a registration statement in a timely manner. If the general permit is not re-issued, the regulated community will need to obtain an individual permit to conduct the regulated activity. For this reason, the costs associated with obtaining an individual permit are compared with the costs associated with general permit coverage. General permits provide the regulated community with a streamlined, less burdensome approach to obtain coverage for conducting a specific regulated activity.

Table 1a: Costs and Benefits of the Proposed Changes (Primary Option)

(1) Direct & Indirect Costs & Benefits (Monetized) Presently there are 1,235 regulated entities covered by this general permit. Reissuance of this general permit allows new entities to be able to obtain coverage for conducting this regulated activity.

New requirements resulting from proposed regulatory changes are very limited and include:

- Clarified that primary airports are eligible for coverage under Sector AD of this permit and added an "Airport Deicing Operations" condition to address such operations.
- Updated benchmark monitoring parameters (two removed)
- Consolidated Chesapeake Bay TMDL compliance requirements

Direct Costs: No increase in direct economic cost to regulated entities expected due to the above changes.

Indirect Costs: No increase in indirect costs to regulated entities expected due to the above changes.

Direct Benefits: The re-issuance of this general permit provides the regulated community with a streamlined, less burdensome approach to obtaining coverage for conducting specific regulated activities. Primary airports, in particular, will benefit from eligibility for coverage. Further, there are potential cost savings (reduced monitoring/sampling costs) for regulated entities that were previously required to sample for the benchmarks that are proposed to be removed from the regulation. Regulating discharges of pollutants to state waters results in cleaner waters for public water supplies, fishing, and recreational uses.

Indirect Benefits: The reissuance of the general permit may indirectly benefit economic development because it allows for the issuance of a general permit that is protective of human health and the environment that is less burdensome on the regulated community than an Individual VPDES permit. Regulating discharges into state waters benefits tourism and the seafood industry. Cleaner waters may also increase tourism related to recreational uses of state waters.

(2) Present		
Monetized Values	Direct & Indirect Costs	Direct & Indirect Benefits
	(a) Unable to be quantified.	(b) Unable to be quantified.
(3) Net Monetized Benefit	Unknown	
(4) Other Costs & Benefits (Non- Monetized)	n/a	
(5) Information Sources		

Table 1b: Costs and Benefits under the Status Quo (No change to the regulation)

Table 1b. Costs and	Denemis under the Status Q	duo (No change to the regulation)		
(1) Direct & Indirect Costs & Benefits (Monetized)	Available general cost and benefit data concerning permit fees is provided in Table 1.c. Given the general character of this data, it would also be applicable to the general permit under the status quo (i.e., no change to the regulation). In terms of industrial stormwater costs generally, EPA estimated the average annual cost of complying with the 2015 MSGP is around \$2,752 for new facilities and \$2,199 for existing facilities. EPA also found that the requirements of the 2015 MSGP are economically practicable under BPT criteria and economically achievable under BAT criteria. (U.S. Environmental Protection Agency 2015 Multi-Sector General Permit for Stormwater Discharges Associated with Industrial Activity (MSGP) — Fact Sheet, pages 20-21). General permits impose lower administrative costs on permittees compared with individual permits. (See, Table 1.c).			
(2) Present Monetized Values (3) Net Monetized Benefit	Direct & Indirect Costs (a) estimates direct costs based on EPA data range from \$2199 to \$2752. See information in table 1c concerning permit fees. General permit coverage red \$18,515 per 5-year permit te	Direct & Indirect Benefits (b) Unable to be quantified. See information in table 1c concerning permit fees. Luces permit fees to a permit holder by erm.		

(4) Other Costs &	General permits reduce the administrative burden on the agency and the			
Benefits (Non-	applicant by simplifying the permitting process for entities that conduct			
Monetized)	similar activities while still protecting human health and the			
	environment.			
(5) Information	See table 1c			
Sources	U.S. Environmental Protection Agency 2015 Multi-Sector General			
	Permit for Stormwater Discharges Associated with Industrial Activity			
	(MSGP) – Fact Sheet			
	https://www.epa.gov/sites/default/files/2015-			
	10/documents/msgp2015_fs.pdf			

Table 1c: Costs and	Fable 1c: Costs and Benefits under Alternative Approach(es)				
(1) Direct & Indirect Costs & Benefits (Monetized)	Point source discharges of pollutants and industrial stormwater from industrial activities must be authorized by a VPDES permit under the CWA and State Water Control Law. Thus, no non-regulatory options were determined to be available. Regulating activities through the issuance of general permit regulations is an alternative streamlined approach that is used to regulate entities that conduct similar activities. If the general permit regulation did not exist, individual permits would be required to be obtained for these regulated activities. A benefit of this general permit is its lower cost to permittees relative to the cost of obtaining an individual permit. The permit fee for operators to obtain coverage under this general permit is \$500. If this general permit were not available, these operators would be required to obtain an individual VPDES permit, and the initial application fee would be \$7,200 (assumes VPDES Industrial Stormwater). An annual permit maintenance fee of \$2,363 would also apply (total of \$11,815 per permittee/ 5-year permit term). This does not account for the longer lead time to obtain an individual permit and the increased burden on DEQ staff resources that would result.				
(2) Present					
Monetized Values	Direct & Indirect Costs	Direct & Indirect Benefits			
	(a) \$7,200 for initial Individual Permit coverage. \$2,363 annual maintenance fee. Total: \$19,015 per 5-year permit term.				
(3) Net Monetized Benefit	General permit coverage red \$18,515 per 5-year permit te	uces permit fees to a permit holder by rm			

(4) Other Costs & Benefits (Non-	General permits reduce the administrative burden on the agency and the applicant by simplifying the permitting process for entities that conduct
Monetized)	similar activities while still protecting human health and the environment.
(5) Information Sources	9VAC25-20-110. Fee schedules for individual VPDES and VPA new permit issuance, and individual VWP, SWW, and GWW new permit issuance and existing permit reissuance. 9VAC25-20-130. Fees for filing registration statements or applications for general permits issued by the board. 9VAC25-20-142. Permit maintenance fees.

Impact on Local Partners

Use this chart to describe impacts on local partners. See Part 8 of the ORM Cost Impact Analysis Guidance for additional guidance.

Table 2: Impact on Local Partners

(1) Direct & Indirect Costs & Benefits (Monetized)	No costs or benefit impacts on local partners are expected due to the limited extent of changes being made to the general permit regulation. General permits provide the regulated community with a streamlined, less burdensome approach to obtain coverage for conducting a specific regulated activity. Without this general permit regulation, an individual permit would be required to conduct the regulated activity. Localities utilizing the general permit regulation incur the same costs and benefits as listed in table 1.			
(2) Present				
Monetized Values	Direct & Indirect Costs	Direct & Indirect Benefits		
	(a) n/a (b) n/a			
(3) Other Costs & Benefits (Non- Monetized)	n/a			
(4) Assistance	n/a			
(5) Information Sources	n/a			

Impacts on Families

Use this chart to describe impacts on families. See Part 8 of the ORM Cost Impact Analysis Guidance for additional guidance.

Table 3: Impact on Families

(1) Direct & Indirect Costs & Benefits (Monetized)	No costs or benefit impacts on families are expected due to the limited extent of change being made to the general permit regulation. Single family residences do not typically conduct an activity that would be regulated by this general permit.			
(2) Present				
Monetized Values	Direct & Indirect Costs	Direct & Indirect Benefits		
	(a) n/a (b) n/a			
(3) Other Costs & Benefits (Non-Monetized) (4) Information Sources	Families could potentially benefit from If this general permit did not exist, in for these activities, and the additional consumers, which would potentially 9VAC25-20-110. Fee schedules for a permit issuance, and individual VWI issuance and existing permit reissuance 9VAC25-20-130. Fees for filing register for general permits issued by the board 9VAC25-20-142. Permit maintenance	al costs would likely be passed on to include families. individual VPDES and VPA new P, SWW, and GWW new permit nee. istration statements or applications and.		

Impacts on Small Businesses

Use this chart to describe impacts on small businesses. See Part 8 of the ORM Cost Impact Analysis Guidance for additional guidance.

Table 4: Impact on Small Businesses

(1) Direct & Indirect Costs & Benefits (Monetized)	No costs or benefit impacts on small limited extent of change being made General permits provide the regulate less burdensome approach to obtain regulated activity. Without this gene permit would be required to conduct businesses utilizing the general perm and benefits as listed in table 1.	to the general permit regulation. d community with a streamlined, coverage for conducting a specific ral permit regulation, an individual the regulated activity. Small		
	and benefits as listed in table 1.			
(2) Present Monetized Values	Direct & Indirect Costs	Direct & Indirect Benefits		

	(a) n/a	(b) n/a
(3) Other Costs & Benefits (Non- Monetized)	No costs or benefit impacts on small limited extent of changes being made this general permit did not exist, indiffees and application process would be	e to the general permit regulation. If ividual permits and their associated
(4) Alternatives	n/a	
(5) Information Sources	n/a	

Changes to Number of Regulatory Requirements

For each individual VAC Chapter amended, repealed, or promulgated by this regulatory action, list (a) the initial requirement count, (b) the count of requirements that this regulatory package is adding, (c) the count of requirements that this regulatory package is reducing, (d) the net change in the number of requirements. This count should be based upon the text as written when this stage was presented for executive branch review. Five rows have been provided, add or delete rows as needed. In the last row, indicate the total number for each column.

Table 5: Regulatory Reduction

For each individual action, please fill out the appropriate chart to reflect any change in regulatory requirements, costs, regulatory stringency, or the overall length of any guidance documents.

Change in Regulatory Requirements

VAC	Authority of	Initial Count	Additions	Subtractions	Net
Section(s)	Change				Change
Involved*					
9VAC25-	Statutory:	5	0	0	0
151-60	Discretionary:	0	0	0	0
9VAC25-	Statutory:	137	0	17	-17
151-70					
	Discretionary:	0	0	0	0
9VAC25-	Statutory:	37	0	0	0
151-80	Discretionary:	0	0	0	0
9VAC25-	Statutory:	6	0	0	0
151-90	Discretionary:	0	0	0	0
9VAC25-	Statutory:	1	0	0	0
151-100	Discretionary:	0	0	0	0
9VAC25-	Statutory:	2	0	0	0
151-110	Discretionary:	0	0	0	0
9VAC25-	Statutory:	2	0	0	0
151-120	Discretionary:	0	0	0	0
9VAC25-	Statutory:	4	0	0	0
151-130	Discretionary:	0	0	0	0
9VAC25-	Statutory:	1	0	0	0
151-140	Discretionary:	0	0	0	0
9VAC25-	Statutory:	21	0	0	0
151-150	Discretionary:	0	0	0	0
9VAC25-	Statutory:	9	0	0	0
151-160	Discretionary:	0	0	0	0
9VAC25-	Statutory:	3	0	0	0
151-180	Discretionary:	0	0	0	0
9VAC25-	Statutory:	9	0	0	0
151-190	Discretionary:	0	0	0	0
	Statutory:	9	0	0	0

9VAC25-	Discretionary:	0	0	0	0
151-200	Discretionary:	U	U	U	U
9VAC25-	C4 - 4 4	24	0	0	0
-	Statutory:		-	The state of the s	
151-210	Discretionary:	0	0	0	0
9VAC25-	Statutory:	26	0	1	-1
151-220	Discretionary:	0	0	0	0
9VAC25-	Statutory:	9	0	0	0
151-240	Discretionary:	0	0	0	0
9VAC25-	Statutory:	2	0	0	0
151-280	Discretionary:	0	0	0	0
9VAC25-	Statutory:	4	0	0	0
151-320	Discretionary:	0	0	0	0
9VAC25-	Statutory:	1	0	0	0
151-340	Discretionary:	0	0	0	0
9VAC25-	Statutory:	2	0	0	0
151-350	Discretionary:	0	0	0	0
9VAC25-	Statutory:	1	0	0	0
151-370	Discretionary:	0	0	0	0
9VAC25-	Statutory:	0	0	0	0
151-380	Discretionary:	0	0	0	0
9VAC25-	Statutory:	1	0	0	0
151-390	Discretionary:	0	0	0	0
9VAC25-	Statutory:	0	16 ¹	0	+16
151-400	Discretionary:	0	0	0	0
				Total Net	-2
				Change of	
				Statutory	
				Requirements:	
				Total Net	0
				Change of	
				Discretionary	
				Requirements:	

¹ A condition with 16 requirements was removed from Section 9VAC25-151-70 and placed into a new Section 9VAC25-151-400.

Cost Reductions or Increases (if applicable)

VAC Section(s)	Description of	Initial Cost	New Cost	Overall Cost
Involved*	Regulatory			Savings/Increases
	Requirement			
9VAC25-151-	This is the	\$11,815 per	\$500 for 5 year	Currently 1,235
entire chapter-	reissuance of a	permittee/ 5-	general permit	regulated entities
see table 1c for	general permit.	year permit term	coverage	covered by this
further	If the general	for an individual		general permit.
explanation	permit	permit		Cost savings of
	regulation did			\$11,315 per

	not exist, individual permits would be required to be obtained for these regulated activities.			permittee covered by the general permit Cost savings to the regulated community- \$13,974,025 over 5 year permit term which represents a 95% cost savings over the cost of an individual permit.
9VAC25-151- entire chapter	Reissuance of the general permit reduces the time required to obtain permit coverage	Average amount of time to issue individual permit (FY2021 data*) - 322 days	Average amount of time to issue general permit coverage (FY2021 data*) – 79 days	Permittee obtains permit coverage on average 243 days sooner under the general permit. This represents a 75% reduction in the time required to obtain permit coverage.

^{*}Processing time data obtained from General Assembly Report RD848 - Permit Fee Program Evaluation – January 2022

Other Decreases or Increases in Regulatory Stringency (if applicable)

VAC Section(s) Involved*	Description of Regulatory Change	Overview of How It Reduces or Increases Regulatory Burden
NA		

Length of Guidance Documents (only applicable if guidance document is being revised)

Title of Guidance	Original Length	New Length	Net Change in
Document			Length
NA			

^{*}If the agency is modifying a guidance document that has regulatory requirements, it should report any change in requirements in the appropriate chart(s).